**National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences**



Lab Manual #8

Programming Fundamentals

(Section BSE-1A)

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| Section | BSE-1A |
| Semester | Fall 2022 |

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# Objectives

The objectives of this lab are to cover the following:

* To learn Simple Functions
* Functions with parameter
* Functions with Loops
* Arrays

**Function:**

A function is a group of statements that is given a name, and which can be called from some point of the program. The most common syntax to define a function is:

type name ( parameter1, parameter2, ...) { statements }

Where:

* **type** is the type of the value returned by the function.
* **Name** is the identifier by which the function can be called.
* **Parameters** (as many as needed): Each parameter consists of a type followed by an identifier, with each parameter being separated from the next by a comma. Each parameter looks very much like a regular variable declaration (for example: int x), and in fact acts within the function as a regular variable which is local to the function. The purpose of parameters is to allow passing arguments to the function from the location where it is called from.
* **Statements** is the function's body. It is a block of statements surrounded by braces { } that specify what the function actually does.

Example:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| // function example #include <iostream>  using namespace std;    int addition (int a, int b)  { int r; r=a+b; return r;  }    int main ()  { int z;  z = addition (5,3);  cout << "The result is " << z; } | Output: The result is 8 |

## Question#1

Write a program that asks the user to enter an item’s wholesale cost and its markup percentage. It should then display the item’s retail price. For example:

* If an item’s wholesale cost is 5.00 and its markup percentage is 100%, then the item’s retail price is 10.00.
* If an item’s wholesale cost is 5.00 and its markup percentage is 50%, then the item’s retail price is 7.50.

The program should have a function named calculateRetail that receives the wholesale cost and the markup percentage as arguments and returns the retail price of the item.

Input Validation: Do not accept negative values for either the wholesale cost of the item or the markup percentage.

## Question#2

Write C++ program that will ask the user to enter the width and length of a rectangle and then display the rectangle’s area. The program calls the following functions, which have not been written:

* **getLength –** This function should ask the user to enter the rectangle’s length and then return that value as a double.
* **getWidth –** This function should ask the user to enter the rectangle’s width and then return that value as a double.
* **getArea –** This function should accept the rectangle’s length and width as arguments and return the rectangle’s area. The area is calculated by multiplying the length by the width.
* **displayData –** This function should accept the rectangle’s length, width, and area as arguments and display them in an appropriate message on the screen

## Question#3

When an object is falling because of gravity, the following formula can be used to determine the distance the object falls in a specific time period:

d =1/2\*g\*t2

The variables in the formula are as follows: d is the distance in meters, g is 9.8, and t is the amount of time, in seconds, that the object has been falling.

Write a function named falling Distance that accepts an object’s falling time (in seconds) as an argument. The function should return the distance, in meters, that the object has fallen during that time interval. Write a program that demonstrates the function by calling it in a loop that passes the values 1 through 10 as arguments and displays the return value.

## Question#4 (Function Overloading)

Write a c++ program that calls division function on different data types and different number of values. Complete the functions also.

division (int a, int b){} division (float a, float b){} division (int a, int b, int c){} division (double a, double b, double c){} division (char a, char b){}

## Question#5

Write a program that takes a number from user then it called a function named **factorial** that accept x as argument (pass by reference) that find factorial of that number. The function does not return anything. In main you print factorial of that number.

## Question#6

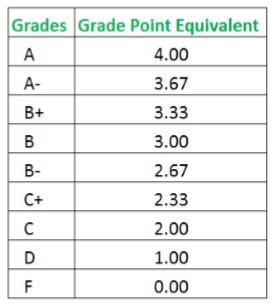
Write a program that takes two numbers e.g. x and y from user, making functions **swapbyvalue** and **swapbyreference.**

Function prototype look like this: **void swapbyvalue(int x, int y); void swapbyreference(int &x, int &y);**

Both function swap its value and print value of x and y after swapping. **Note:** Both functions do not return anything.

## Question#7

Write a function name CalculateGPA(), that returns the gpa achieved by a student, take grades for five courses and their respective credit hours, apply the following formula to calculate gpa: Gpa = (GradeWeight\*CreditHours)/Total CreditHours



Use the above-mentioned table to get grade weights. Limit your functionality for grades A, B, C, D and F only. Return a double value from the function.

## Question#8

Write a program in C++ that declares a static integer array of size 5, then in a loop asks the user to enter 5 integer values and stores them in the array. Display the values stored in array.